APPENDIX.

Statutes.

Sec. 279, Title 28, U. S. C. (sec. 172, Judicial Code):

Claims forfeited for fraud.—Any person who corruptly practices or attempts to practice any fraud against the United States in the proof, statement, establishment, or allowance of any claim or of any part of any claim against the United States shall, ipso facto, forfeit the same to the Government; and it shall be the duty of the Court of Claims, in such cases, to find specifically that such fraud was practiced or attempted to be practiced, and thereupon to give judgment that such claim is forfeited to the Government, and that the claimant be forever barred from prosecuting the same. (R. S. § 1086; Mar. 3, 1911, c. 231, § 172, 36 Stat. 1141.)

The above section is derived from sec. 11 of the Act of March 3, 1863, 12 Stat. 165, which appears at page 139 of the instant Record.

Sec. 280, Title 28, U. S. C. (sec. 173, Judicial Code):

Excessive and fraudulent claims for stores and supplies.—No claims shall be allowed by the accounting officers under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 16, 1874 (18 Stat. 75), or by the Court of Claims, or by Congress, to any person where such claimant, or those under whom he claims, shall willfully, knowingly, and with intent to defraud the United States, have claimed more than was justly due in respect of such claim, or presented any false evidence to Congress, or to any department or court, in support thereof. (June 16, 1874, c. 285, § 2, 18 Stat. 75; Apr. 30, 1878, c. 77, § 2, 20 Stat. 524; Mar. 3, 1911, c. 231, § 173, 36 Stat. 1141.)

See page 147 of the instant Record.

Sec. 3, Act of March 2, 1863, 12 Stat. 696, is set out in full at page 142 of the instant Record.

The pertinent provisions of the Act of March 2, 1863, preceding section 3, are set out at pages 140-142 of the instant Record.